QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

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350-401



Implementing Cisco Enterprise Network Core Technologies (ENCOR)



Question: 924

Which method displays text directly into the active console with a synchronous EEM applet policy?

A. event manager applet boom

event syslog pattern 'UP'

action 1.0 gets 'logging directly to console'

B. event manager applet boom

event syslog pattern 'UP'

action 1.0 syslog priority direct msg 'log directly to console'

C. event manager applet boom

event syslog pattern 'UP'

action 1.0 puts 'logging directly to console'

D. event manager applet boom

event syslog pattern 'UP'

action 1.0 string 'logging directly to console'

Answer: B

Question: 925

Which standard access control entry permits from odd-numbered hosts in the 10.0.0.0/24 subnet?

A. Permit 10.0.0.0.0.0.1

B. Permit 10.0.0.1.0.0.0.0

C. Permit 10.0.0.1.0.0.0.254

D. Permit 10.0.0.0.255.255.255.254

Answer: C

Question: 926

What do Cisco DNA southbound APIs provide?

- A. Interface between the controller and the network devices
- B. NETCONF API interface for orchestration communication
- C. RESful API interface for orchestrator communication
- D. Interface between the controller and the consumer

Answer: A

Question: 927

Which statement about a fabric access point is true?

A. It is in local mode an must be connected directly to the fabric border node.

- B. It is in FlexConnect mode and must be connected directly to the fabric border node.
- C. It is in local mode an must connected directly to the fabric edge switch.
- D. It is in FlexConnect mode and must be connected directly to the fabric edge switch.

Answer: C

Question: 928

Which two statements about HSRP are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Its virtual MAC is 0000.0C07.Acxx.
- B. Its multicast virtual MAC is 0000.5E00.01xx.
- C. Its default configuration allows for pre-emption.
- D. It supports tracking.
- E. It supports unique virtual MAC addresses.

Answer: AD

Question: 929

On which protocol or technology is the fabric data plane based in Cisco SD-Access fabric?

A. LISP

B. IS-IS

C. Cisco TrustSec

D. VXLAN

Answer: D

Question: 930

Refer to the exhibit.

```
R1#show ip bgp
BGP table version is 32, local router ID is 192.168.101.5
Status codes: S suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
              r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath, b backup-path, f RT-Filter,
x best-external, a additional-path, c RIB-compressed,
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
RPKI validation codes: V valid, I invalid, N Not found
                                         Metric LocPrf Weight Path
     Network
                        Next Hop
     192.168.102.0
                       192.168.101.18
                                             80
                                                                0 64517 i
                       192.168.101.14
                                             80
                                                     80
                                                                0 64516 i
                       192.168.101.10
                                                                0 64515 64515 i
                       192 168 101 2
                                                           32768 645131
                       192.168.101.6
                                                     80
                                                                0 64514 64514
```

Which IP address becomes the next active next hop for 192.168.102 0/24 when 192.168.101.2 fails?

A. 192.168.101.18

B. 192.168.101.6

C. 192.168.101.10

D. 192.168.101.14

Answer: A

Question: 931

Which HHTP status code is the correct response for a request with an incorrect password applied to a REST API session?

A. HTTP Status Code 200

B. HTTP Status Code 302

C. HTTP Status Code 401

D. HTTP Status Code: 504

Answer: C

Question: 932

A customer has several small branches and wants to deploy a WI-FI solution with local management using CAPWAP.

Which deployment model meets this requirement?

- A. Autonomous
- B. Mobility express
- C. SD-Access wireless
- D. Local mode

Answer: B

Question: 933

IS OSPF, which LAS type is responsible for pointing to the ASBR router?

- A. type 1
- B. type 2
- C. type 3
- D. type 4

Answer: D

Question: 934 Question: 935

Which statement about VXLAN is true?

- A. VXLAN uses TCP 35 the transport protocol over the physical data cento network
- B. VXLAN extends the Layer 2 Segment ID field to 24-bits. which allows up to 4094 unique Layer 2 segments over the same network.
- C. VXLAN encapsulates a Layer 2 frame in an IP-UDP header, which allows Layer 2 adjacency across router boundaries.
- D. VXLAN uses the Spanning Tree Protocol for loop prevention.

Answer: D

Question: 936

What does this EEM applet event accomplish?

"event snmp oid 1.3.6.1.3.7.1.5.1.2.4.2.9 get-type next entry-op g entry-val 75 poll-interval 5"

- A. It issues email when the value is greater than 75% for five polling cycles.
- B. It reads an SNMP variable, and when the value exceeds 75%, it triggers an action G
- D. It presents a SNMP variable that can be interrogated.
- E. Upon the value reaching 75%, a SNMP event is generated and sent to the trap server.

Answer: B

Question: 937

Which task must be performed first to implement BFD in an IS-IS environment?

- A. Configure BFD in an interface configuration mode.
- B. Disable Cisco Express Forwarding on all interfaces running routing protocols other than IS-I
- D. Configure all IS-IS routers as Level 2 devices.
- E. Configure BFD under the IS-IS process.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios/12 0s/feature/guide/fs bfd.html#wp1131797

Question: 938

Which function does a fabric edge node perform in an SD-Access deployment?

- A. Connects the SD-Access fabric to another fabric or external Layer 3 networks
- B. Connects endpoints to the fabric and forwards their traffic
- C. Provides reachability border nodes in the fabric underlay
- D. Encapsulates end-user data traffic into LIS

Answer: B

Explanation:

A fabric edge node provides onboarding and mobility services for wired users and devices (including fabric-enabled WLCs and APs) connected to the fabric. It is a LISP tunnel router (xTR) that also provides the anycast gateway, endpoint authentication, and assignment to overlay host pools (static or DHCP), as well as group-based policy enforcement (for traffic to fabric endpoints).

A fabric edge first identifies and authenticates wired endpoints (through 802.1x), in order to place them in a host pool (SVI and VRF instance) and scalable group (SGT assignment). It then registers the specific EID host address (that is, MAC, /32 IPv4, or /128 IPv6) with the control plane node.

A fabric edge provides a single Layer 3 anycast gateway (that is, the same SVI with the same IP address on all fabric edge nodes) for its connected endpoints and also performs the encapsulation and de-encapsulation of host traffic to and from its connected endpoints.

NOTE An edge node must be either a Cisco switch or router operating in the fabric overlay.

Question: 939

Drag and Drop Question

Drag and drop the description from the left onto the correct QoS components on the right.

causes TCP retransmissions when traffic is dropped	Traffic Policing
buffers excessive traffic	
introduces no delay and jitter	
introduces delay and Jitter	Traffic Shaping
drops excessive traffic	
typically delays, rather than drops traffic	

Answer:

causes TCP retransmissions when traffic is dropped
buffers excessive traffic
introduces no delay and jitter
raffic Shaping
introduces delay and jitter
drops excessive traffic
typically delays, rather than drops traffic

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